Design Review 4 Team 3: Self-Powered Wireless Sensor

02/20/18 Public Use





Summary of Fall 2017

Current Progress

Future Plan of Action

Public Use

Agenda



Summary of Fall 2017

Project Scope



Design, build, and demonstrate a way to power a sensor that will transmit data of a specific variable wirelessly to the Engine Control Module (ECM) in a Cummins' diesel engine.

Preliminary Design and Selected Components



Sensor

• Thermocouple

Wireless Communication

• Bluetooth Low Energy

Microcontroller

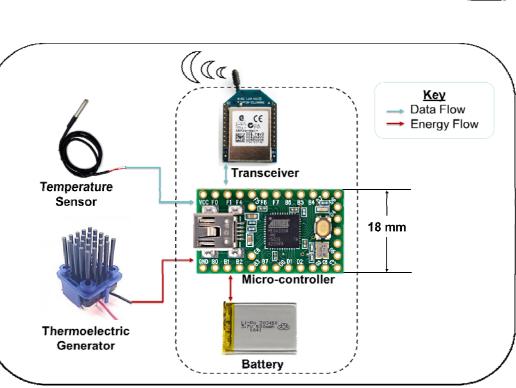
• Adafruit Feather Bluefruit LE

Energy Harvester

• Thermoelectric Generator

Energy Storage

• Lithium Polymer Battery





Current Progress



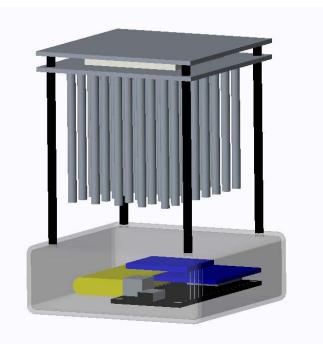


Design

Housing

- Contains board, voltage converter, battery, and amplifier.
- Dimensions of 2.25 in x 2.25 in
- Height of 0.8 in
- Material to be made of Aluminum 2024
- Antenna will stick out of housing for transmitting data

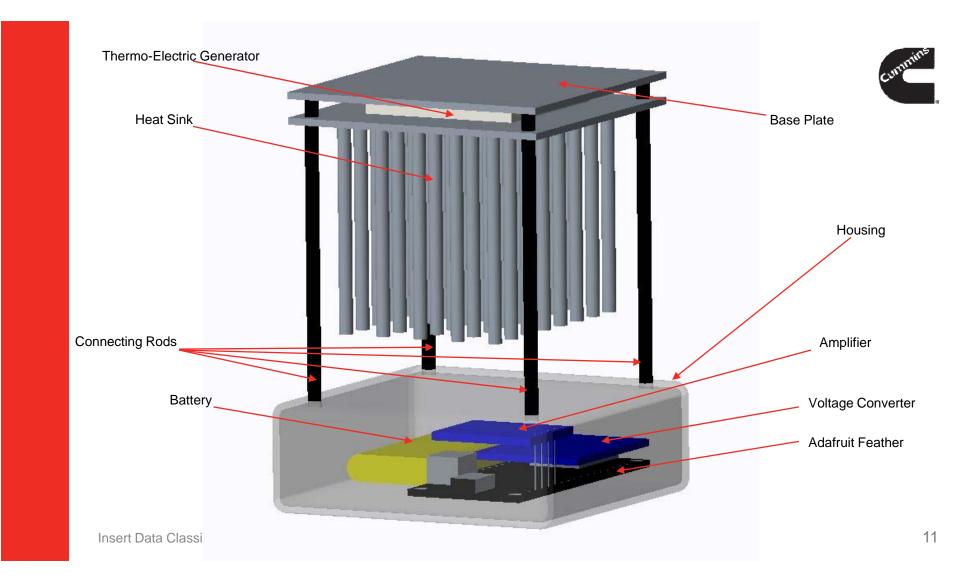


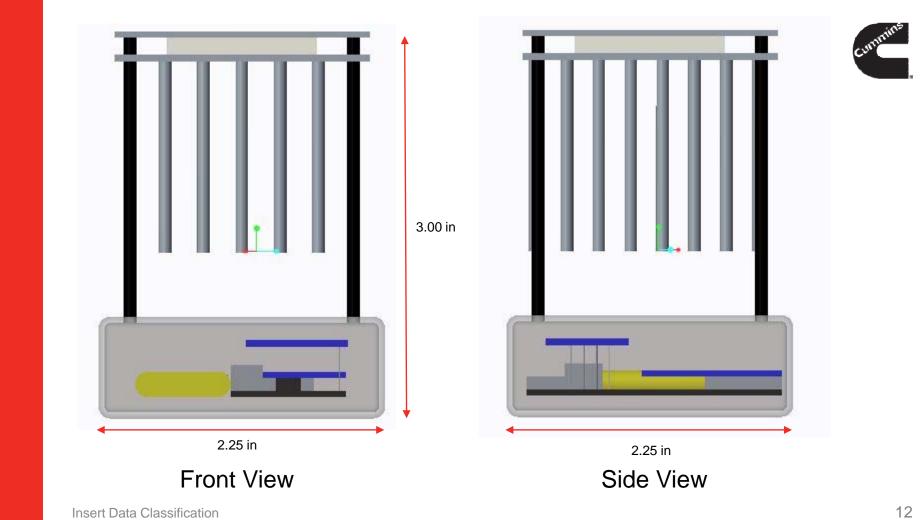




Base

- Contains Aluminum base plate, thermo-electric generator, heat sink, and connecting rods.
- Heat sink to be made of Aluminum 2024
- Threaded rods will connect the base plate with the housing through the heat sink.







Potential Issues

- Possible attachment issues to oil pan.
- Possible corrosion issues due to environment.
- Possible road debris impact.
- Possible transceiver issues due to housing interference.
- Possible overheating inside housing case.

Solutions to Possible Issues



- Attachment could be solved with either an epoxy or could be bolted into place.
- Non-corrosive materials will be used where possible.
- Aluminum plated bottom for the casing to stop debris.
- Utilizing a cage design for the casing will help limit transceiver interference and will help limit overheating the from components inside the casing.



Future Plan of Action





Questions?



Appendix A: Concept Parameters